

House Task Force for COVID-19 Vaccine

September 21, 2021



Agenda

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DATA UPDATE



Observed Cases, Hospitalizations and Deaths

Rhode Island has seen a surge of new cases in recent months associated with the COVID delta variant. The

recent surge has also seen growing hospital admissions and deaths related to COVID-19.



Number of SARS-CoV-2 VOC and VOI by week shows the recent substantial increase in Delta variant among sequenced samples



Notes: Counts reported are from a sampling of COVID-19 positive tests that have undergone whole genome sequencing, and do not represent the total number of SARS-CoV-2 VOC in Rhode Island. Sequence data are processed with the Pangolin quality control and interpretation algorithms, according to CDC requirements. VOC/VOI that are pending confirmation are not included in this chart. This chart is updated weekly on Wednesday. Source: Rhode Island Department of Health Date current as of September 13, 2021



Disease Incidence and Prevalence Predictions

Epidemiological models based on data through mid-September indicate that the recent surge has peaked and new cases (both detected and undetected) as well as active infections will start to decline beginning October 2021.





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Hospitalization Predictions

Epidemiological models based on data through mid-September indicate that hospital admissions have peaked and will begin to decline in October. Declines in hospital census will follow.



Fatality Predictions

Epidemiological models based on data through mid-September indicate that COVID-related deaths have peaked and will begin to decline starting in October.





VACCINATION CAMPAIGN OVERVIEW



- One COVID-19 vaccine is being administered in Rhode Island with full FDA approval, three under Emergency User Authorization (EUA)
 - Pfizer-BioNTech (Comirnaty) for age 16 and older (full approval)
 - Pfizer-BioNTech (Pfizer) vaccine for age 12 to 16 (EUA)
 - Moderna vaccine for age 18 and older (EUA)
 - Johnson & Johnson (Janssen) vaccine for age 18 and older (EUA)
- All three vaccines are highly effective at preventing COVID-19 associated hospitalizations and fatalities.
- All three vaccines continue to undergo safety monitoring through multiple national reporting and monitoring systems.
- Rhode Island maintains one of the highest vaccine administration rates in the country.



Where we are now

- 66.6% of Rhode Islanders fully vaccinated (77.6% of Rhode Islanders 18+ fully vaccinated)*
- 74.2% of Rhode Islanders partially vaccinated (86.3% of Rhode Islanders 18+ partially vaccinated)*
- Alignment with federal COVID-19 Plan
 - Vaccinating the unvaccinated (through regulatory powers)
 - Rhode Island Regulation and enforcement strategy for vaccination requirement for healthcare workers, providers, and facilities
 - Further protecting the vaccinated (booster doses)
 - Rhode Island Plan for surge, will await ACIP recommendations
- Pfizer applying for permission to immunize 5–11 year-olds
- * Data as of 9/20/21



Boosters: Readiness and Risks

Operations & Vaccine Administrator Readiness

- Regular planning meetings
- Demand forecasts to solve for gaps
- Fortified warehouse operations
- Continued onboarding of PCPs as administrators
- Leverage combination of vaccination channels to meet booster demands of varied groups in Phase 1 (healthcare workers, corrections, LTCFs, etc.)

Supporting Functions Readiness

- Systems and data structure enhanced and ready
- Communications:
 - Plans for booster dose by targeted population (e.g., LTCF and congregate care settings, general population)
 - Paid media campaigns to support across vaccine initiations
 - Joint RIDE/RIDOH communications plan for back to school

Key considerations

- Impact of vaccination requirement on healthcare workforce
- Extent of Federal Pharmacy Plan for LTCFs unclear (RIDOH planning for "worst-case scenario)
- Cadence for FDA & ACIP approvals and recommendations



Vaccination Campaign Phases

- Phase 1: Vaccinating those most at risk for severe illness and death and our healthcare system to ensure we have the resources to care for those who need care
- Phase 2: Immunocompromised individuals, Central Falls, people in congregate care settings
- **Phase 3**: Meet people where they are to get as many people vaccinated as possible, as quickly as possible, through mass vaccination sites and working through the age bands
- Phase 4: Shift resources to support vaccination at a community level and focus on policy solutions



Where we are going: Key drivers for anticipated increased demand

Full FDA-approval Back to school (Pfizer) • 8/24 FDA grants Ensuring vaccination opportunities for all full approval to students ages 12 to **Pfizer-BioNTech** 18 through before COVID-19 vaccine and during school for people ages 16 year clinics and older Before school year: At Pfizer continues to least one clinic in be available under each LEA across EUA for people ages school types 12 to 16 Beginning school Safety monitoring year: At least one systems remain in clinic per town, clinics in majority of public middle and high schools in each city (to continue through October)

place

< 12-year-old eligibility

• Pfizer applying for permission to immunize 5- to 11year-olds (targeting EUA by end of October - TBD)

HCW requirement/ **Business outreach**

• Effective 8/18

 Communications plan for Vaccine Regulation Enforcement (action plan template, reporting instructions. website, FAQ, inbox for questions)

 Distribution of employer resource guide to promote employee vaccination policies in the workplace

Boosters

- 9/17 FDA's advisory committee recommends booster doses (Pfizer only) for people ages 65 and older and others at high risk of severe COVID-19
- ACIP meeting 9/22-9/23
- Communications planned by targeted populations (e.g., LTCF, HDCs & BIPOC communities. correctional facilities)

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HEALTHCARE WORKER VACCINATION REQUIREMENT AND ENFORCEMENT STRATEGY



Purpose of the Regulation

(1) Ensure safe healthcare settings, protected against COVID, (2) while sustaining high-quality care across a stable healthcare system.

Studies show:

- COVID-19 vaccination prevents hospitalizations (MMWR, September 17, 2021)
- Vaccines prevent transmission of the virus (NEJM, September 8, 2021)
- Even those who have been infected should be vaccinated; reduced risk of reinfection after vaccination (MMWR, August 13, 2021)



U.S. Health Care Vaccination Mandate Summary

State	Scope	Timeline
MA	 Staff at skilled nursing facilities All staff at nursing homes, assisted living residences, hospice programs, and home care 	 First dose by 10/10 Second dose by 10/31
<u>NY</u>	 Workers at state-run hospitals All health care workers (staff at hospitals, nursing homes and other long term care facilities) 	 Vaccinated by 9/1 First dose by 9/27
<u>ME</u>	 Staff at any state-licensed: hospital, multi-level health care facility, home health agency, nursing facility, residential care facility, and intermediate care facility for individuals with intellectual disabilities. Also applies to those employed by emergency medical service organizations or dental practices 	 Fully vaccinated by 10/1 **On 9/3 <u>announced</u> it would not be enforced until 10/29
<u>CT</u>	1. Staff in nursing homes, residential care homes, assisted living facilities, intermediate care facilities, managed residential communities and chronic care hospitals	 First dose complete and appointment scheduled for second dose by 9/7
<u>NJ</u>	1. Staff in health care facilities and high-risk congregate care settings (e.g., hospitals, long-term care facilities, clinic- based settings)	1. Fully vaccinated by 9/7
<u>CA</u>	1. Staff in hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, intermediate care facilities, ambulatory surgery centers and most other healthcare settings	1. Both doses by 9/30
<u>CO</u>	1. Staff and contractors who interact with patients in assisted living facilities, nursing homes, hospitals, hospices, community clinics and other health care settings regulated by the board of health	1. First dose by 9/30; Fully vaccinated by 10/31
<u>IL</u>	 All healthcare workers (including public and private nursing home employees) All pre-k-12 teachers and staff, as well as higher education personnel and students 	 First dose by 9/18 and second shot within 30 days of first shot (deadline <u>extended</u> as of 9/4)
<u>NM</u>	1. Medical close-contact congregate settings including hospitals, nursing homes, juvenile justice facilities, rehabilitation facilities, state correctional facilities	1. First dose by 9/27
MD	 Nursing home staff (227 facilities) All employees of Maryland hospitals 	1. First dose by 9/1
<u>WA</u>	 Healthcare workers in private sector Healthcare workers in long term care All state employees (contractors and those working remotely) 	1. Fully vaccinated by 10/18



Vax rates at healthcare facilities have increased 10 points since 9/2

Takeaways:

- There is a 10 points increase in • vaccination rate from 9/2 to 9/13
- 79% of 415 facilities submitted ٠ data for 9/13
 - 88 facilities did not report data
- 41 facilities are < 80% vaccinated • down from 69 from 9/2

		Facility Type	Number of Facilities Reporting**	Total Health Care Workers 9/13	Total Partially or Fully Vaccinated 9/13	Vaccination Rate 9/2	Vaccination Rate 9/13
	Takeaways:	Adult Day Care Centers*	15	329	311	N/A	94.5%
•	There is a 10 points increase in	Assisted Living Residences	59	3,282	3,060	79.0%	93.2%
	vaccination rate from 9/2 to 9/13	Clinical Laboratory*	3	621	536	N/A	86.3%
		End Stage Renal Disease (Dialysis Center)	13	229	210	81.5%	91.7%
•	79% of 415 facilities submitted	Freestanding Ambulatory Surgical Center	8	394	369	87.5%	93.7%
	data for 9/13	Freestanding Emergency Center	1	54	48	66.0%	88.9%
	88 facilities did not report data	Home Care	25	1,773	1,449	73.7%	81.7%
•	41 facilities are < 80% vaccinated,	Home Nursing Care Provider	42	4,776	4,089	78.1%	85.6%
	down from 69 from 9/2	Hospice	6	964	901	83.0%	93.5%
		Hospitals	13	29,545	24,867	74.5%	84.2%
		Nursing Facility	79	10,227	9,377	80.1%	91.7%
		Nursing Service Agencies	22	1,081	690	57.0%	63.8%
As	sumption / Definition	Outpatient Ambulatory Care Facility	32	3,938	3,592	83.3%	91.2%
Total Health Care Workers: Total number of personnel at those facilities		Physician or Podiatry Ambulatory Surgery Center	6	325	321	84.7%	98.8%
Total Partially or Fully Vaccinated: Number of personnel reporting partial or full vaccination		Rehab Hospitals	1	66	61	80.6%	92.4%
	ccination Rate: Percentage within the facility type of	School Based Health Center	2	8	8	100.0%	100.0%
	tial and total vaccinations	Grand Total	327	57,612	49,889	76.6%*	86.6%

*Adult Day Care Centers and Clinical Laboratories were not included in the 9/2 report and were added to the 9/13 report

**11 facilities do not have employees in RI and were removed from scope



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Less than 2% reporting facilities expressed operational concerns

The 69 facilities with < 80% vaccinated are employing diverse strategies to increase vaccinations, with the majority noting they plan to achieve 100% compliance by $10/1^1$

Total Facilities < 80% Vaccina	ation Rate as	Total Facilities < 80% Vaccination Rate	on Rate Approximate Impact to Operations due to Unresolved Risk to Quality of Care / Stat				
of 9/2		Reached for Follow-Up	Approx. Total #	Approx. Total of all reporting facilities%			
69		54	8	2%			

Oualitative Feedback

What is your main concern post 10/1?	What are you doing to close the gap?	How are you ensuring quality of care?
 Staffing Shortages Mainly clinical staff, some noted housekeeping / dietary shortage Disruption to Operations Concern about being able to provide same level / type of care required to avoid going out of business 	 Hosting Clinics Holding clinics on-site for personnel Providing Incentives Providing bonuses, pay raises, offering incentives, and holding raffles Continuing Education Holding informational meetings and having 1-1 discussions to educate 	 Recruiting / Hiring Borrow staff from sister facilities Connect with staffing agencies Recruit for the empty positions Adjusting Operations Discharge patients that cannot be covered by staffing structure Downsize nonessential services Pause on taking on new clients
itigate with enforcement approach (next slide	Mitigate with enforcement approach (next slide)	

¹Many hospitals noted a surge in vaccinations and plan to surpass 80% vaccination rate by 10/1 and many of the Assisted Living Residences noted they plan to be in compliance with the mandate by 10/1 ²Note, these are based on gualitative assumptions based on severity of risk cited by facility





Enforcement begins on 10/1, to mitigate risk to patient outcomes non-compliant <u>facilities will be accountable to a corrective action plan that RIDOH will enforce</u>

The expectation is that all facilities are compliant on 10/1. If patient outcomes are at risk because critical staff are noncompliant, facilities will submit a corrective action plan to come into full compliance within 30 days

• The healthcare system will be accountable to the public, and Rhode Islanders will know which facilities are compliant as they make their healthcare decisions.

(10/1) Attestation Due	(10/1) Corrective Action Plan	(W/in 30d) Escalate Enforcement
 Identify compliant facilities and licensees Publish compliant facilities publicly Non-Compliant facilities and licensees articulate action plan to come into compliance 	 Specify the facility's plan (with timelines) to ensure that all healthcare workers will become fully vaccinated by 10/31/2021. Demonstrate that any unvaccinated staff who are still working are essential to the facility's operation. Specify the temporary infection prevention measures that the facility will be taking regarding unvaccinated staff who are essential to the facility's operation (for example, require testing, require masks, etc.). Outline the facility's procedure to ensure that any new hires are fully vaccinated against COVID-19. 	 Assess progress against plan and investigate complaints Escalate enforcement in line with minimum needed to maintain accountability to action plan and full compliance

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Next Steps

- Continue to engage stakeholders, trade organizations, and the public as we share the enforcement strategy, starting the week of 9/13
- Disseminate corrective action plan template to facilities week of 9/20
- Website for communicating facilities that are compliant to enable Rhode Islanders to make fully informed decisions on where they receive care week of 9/27
- Enforcement begins 10/1



K-12 UPDATE AND BUSINESS OUTREACH



Low COVID-19 Transmission Rates in Schools in 2020-2021

From September 14, 2020, to July 3, 2021: Only 5.4% of positive cases among Rhode Island's Pre K-12 students and staff were reported as from documented school-based-only exposures.

800 Student IP/H* Case Rate and General Population Cases per 100K 600 568 536 486 400 416 295 296 292 256 252 264 223 200 217 132 123 0 Nov 2020 Dec 2020 Jan 2021 Feb 2021 Mar 2021 Apr 2021 May 2021 Jun 2021 Week Of

Student In-Person/Hybrid & General Population Case Rates per 100k by Week

Student IP/H* Case Rate
 General Population Cases per 100K

* In-person/ Hybrid



Model for September 2021: New Cases per Day of COVID-19 Among Rhode Island Children Ages 5-11 by Level of Mitigation



Level of Mitigation	Total Cases (Sep 18)	Total Cases (Oct 2)	Est. Number of Students Ages 5-11
No prevention strategies	28,210	66,212	
Poor compliance with	10,257	55,373	81,532
prevention strategies			
Full compliance	517	1,534	

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- Poor compliance with prevention strategies
- Full compliance with prevention strategies

Mask Requirement for K-12 Public Schools

- As of August 19 (Executive Order 21-87), all public K-12 schools in Rhode Island must have a universal indoor masking policy in place at the start of the 2021-22 school year.
 - In line with the EO, RIDOH developed a universal indoor mask protocol for schools to use.
 - Many Local Education Agencies (LEAs) had a mask policy in their mitigation plans prior to the EO.
- Rhode Island Pre K-12 schools are planning to provide 100% in-person learning for the 2021-22 academic year. The Delta variant of COVID-19 spreads easily in crowded places, like Pre K-12 classrooms.
- National and international data have shown that masks help limit or prevent the spread of COVID-19 in schools.
 - Schools across the US with either relaxed or no masking policies have seen outbreaks of COVID-19.



The Science Behind Masking

National and international data have shown that masks help limit or prevent the spread of COVID-19.

- Schools across the US with either relaxed or no masking policies have seen outbreaks of COVID-19
- Masking blocks release of exhaled virus from an infected person
- Masking prevents inhalation of virus from the environment
- In Thailand, among >1000 people, those who always wore a mask during high-risk exposure had a 70%+ reduced risk of getting infected compared to those who didn't wear masks
- A study of an outbreak on the USS Theodore Roosevelt (within congregate living quarters and close working environments) found that the use of face coverings on board was associated with a 70% reduced risk of infection
- Research supports that mask wearing has no significant adverse health effects for wearers
- https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/science/science-briefs/masking-science-sars-cov2.html
- Doung-Ngern P, Suphanchaimat R, Panjangampatthana A, et al. Case-Control Study of Use of Personal Protective Measures and Risk for Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus 2 Infection, Thailand. Emerg Infect Dis. Sep 15 2020;26(11)doi:10.3201/eid2611.203003
- Payne DC, Smith-Jeffcoat SE, Nowak G, et al. SARS-CoV-2 Infections and Serologic Responses from a Sample of U.S. Navy Service Members USS Theodore Roosevelt, April 2020. MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep. Jun 12 2020;69(23):714-721. doi:10.15585/mmwr.mm6923e4



Successful Prevention Strategies in 2020-2021

Rhode Island provided in-depth guidance, resources, and direct support so that schools could open in September 2020. The number of in-person learners increased throughout the school year.





Schools must comply with COVID-19 prevention strategies

- **Promoting** clinics held in each municipality;
- Physical distancing: At least three feet between stable groups/cohorts for indoor activities in shared spaces;
- **Masking:** Strongly recommended for everyone older than two when indoors and in crowded settings outdoors; universal indoor masking law for Rhode Island public K-12 schools (EO 21-87);
- Screening students and staff: Screen daily and, if any symptom, stay home/isolate and get tested;
- School-based testing: Diagnostic (with symptoms) and screening (without symptoms);
- Ventilation: Go outdoors when possible and at least four to six air changes per hour (ACH) indoors;
- Cleaning, disinfection, and hand hygiene: Clean once daily, and clean and disinfect if sick person/case.
- Responding to staff or students who are sick: Isolate, test, and disinfect; and
- Quarantine decisions: Seven-day with a negative test and exemptions for fully vaccinated, COVID-19 diagnosis within 90 days, and Pre K-12 close contact exception (EO 21-94).



Business Outreach

RIDOH, Commerce and DBR have been working to provide resources to help businesses promote public health and economic success. Specifically, the focus is on the following four public health strategies:

- Vaccination: Businesses can ask employees and/or customers to be fully vaccinated. Onsite vaccination clinics are available, and we are distributing an employer resource guide to promote employee vaccination policies in the workplace
- Testing: Businesses can implement a routine employee testing program (e.g., weekly testing). An on-site testing program is available to help businesses with this. This program provides businesses with rapid COVID-19 test kits and the training they need to conduct regular testing of employees.
- Ventilation: Increasing ventilation in indoor areas can help reduce the spread of infectious diseases.
- Indoor Masking: Businesses also can ask employees and/or customers to wear masks while indoors.



QUESTIONS?



THANK YOU



APPENDIX



Rhode Island has seen a surge of new cases in recent months associated with the COVID delta variant. The recent surge has also seen growing hospital admissions and deaths related to COVID-19.

EPIDEMIOLOGICAL TRENDS

DATA UPDATED September 16, 2021

Trends displayed contain Date from March 2020 to Present Date of Data unless Otherwise Noted



Data for Case Reporting Began 2/29/2020, Hospital Admissions & Fatalities 3/6/2020, Testing & Test Positivity 3/7/2020, Test Positive Reporting begins on 3/21/2020, Vaccinations begin on 12/20/2020

RHODE ISLAND COVID-19 DATA DASHBOARD

Data Source: Public Web: RI-Department-of-Health-COVID-19-Data-RIHealth.hub.arcgis.com

DAILY DOSE ADMINISTRATION

Daily Dose Administration and 7-Day Rolling Average Administration

• First Dose Moderna or Pfizer • Second Dose Moderna or Pfizer • Johnson & Johnson Single Dose • Doses Administered Beyond Primary Series • 7 Day Average Total Doses Administered





Overall Administration Data

86.2% of Rhode Island adults (18+) are at least partially vaccinated. Rhode Island has administered more than 1.4 million doses to date, including doses administered by federal entities.

As of May 25, 2021	At Least Partially Vaccinated	Fully Vaccinated	Total Doses Administered
Rhode Islanders vaccinated anywhere	783,697 (74.2%)	703,717 (66.6%)	
All vaccinations administered in Rhode Island	769,087	701,988	1,429,672
Total Coverage of Eligible Population (12+)*	84.6%	75.9%	
Total Coverage of Eligible Population (16+)	85.7%	77.1%	
Total Coverage of Eligible Adults (18+)	86.2%	77.5%	

Data from RICAIR and Tiberius as of 9/15/21. Total Doses Administered is not the sum of people partially and fully vaccinated. Doses administered in other states to RI residents are only available in aggregate, so partially/fully vaccinated is estimated for that group. ***Doses administered in other states and by federal entities not included in coverage of 12+ population.**



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COVID Case Rates by Vaccination Status (excluding reinfections)



Notes: Data current as of 9/13/21. Rates based on counts of <5 are suppressed and displayed as zero in line with RIDOH's Small Numbers Policy. Excludes reinvestigated cases. Those considered fully vaccinated have been confirmed with RICAIR; people fully vaccinated OOS or at a federal facility are excluded in these data. Source: RIDOH SalesForce COVID-19 Case Dataset; US Census Bureau, 2018 estimates; RICAIR 36 | RHODE ISLAND

Cumulative Progress Through Age Groups

Number of Rhode Island Residents Vaccinated by Age Group						
	Fully Vaccin	ated (2nd Dose or J&J)§	Received at	least One Dose (1st Dose or J&J)+§		
	Doses	Percent Vaccinated	Doses	Percent Vaccinated		
12-15	27,077	56.06 %	31,924	66.09 %		
16-17	16,430	66.03 %	18,663	75.00 %		
18-19	18,388	53.45 %	21,895	63.64 %		
20-24	45,882	59.79 %	53,410	69.60 %		
25-34	87,560	59.72 %	99,880	68.12 %		
35-44	89,725	72.31 %	99,269	80.00 %		
45-54	99,866	71.67 %	108,328	77.74 %		
55-59	61,726	80.14 %	66,075	85.79 %		
60-64	63,741	88.33 %	67,396	93.39 %		
65-74	101,823	99.26 %	106,474	103.79 %		
75+	67,848	85.51 %	71,958	90.69 %		
Total Number of People*	680,066		745,272			



Hispanic/Latino and Black Rhode Islanders Dose Data



State of Rhode Island | Vaccination Dashboard | September 15, 2021

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Historic Administrations by Channel

A decrease in activity around the Labor Day holiday impacted administrations across most channels, besides the Municipal channel, which was boosted by the Back-to-School vaccination activity throughout the week.

CHANNEL	7/26	8/2	8/9	8/16	8/23	8/30	9/6
Pharmacies	8,283	8,961	9,126	11,180	11,388	11,045	8,827
Healthcare Systems	1,216	1,213	1,320	1,508	1,755	1,905	1,494
Sockanosset Vax Center	393	524	461	999	513	511	356
Mobile / Pop-Up Clinics	312	394	464	379	816	479	495
PCP/Pediatricians	120	172	169	186	229	214	158
Municipal PODs	108	121	108	576	322	63	564
Other	4	7	19	111	23	37	14
Total	10,436	11,392	11,667	14,939	15,046	14,254	11,912

Updated First Dose Administration Forecast – 9/17

First-dose demand waned last week, dropping from 7,000+ to ~5,500; the forecast now shows a 70% herd immunity threshold of the total population with 1+ dose is likely next week.



*Note: Total clinically eligible pop. is ~877k (people 16+) until the week of 5/10 when 12-15-year-olds became eligible. From 5/10 to 8/4, the clinically eligible population had been ~925k. As of 8/4, the total population has been adjusted to 1,097K and eligible population is estimated at 961K. **Estimated at 768K 1st doses, avoiding inconsistent tracking from population baseline changes

To-date administrations are from RICAIR as of 9/13/21, with an additional estimate of federal facility administrations. Current first-dose demand assumes: 5% decrease this week, 10% WoW for 2 weeks, 8% WoW for 5 weeks, and then 5% WoW thereafter in perpetuity



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Inventory and Administration Dashboard

With limited activity over Labor Day Weekend, administrations saw a slight decline to 11.4k last week. A welcome announcement on Friday, 9/10 from the CDC regarding J&J ordering has relieved any near-term supply concerns.

11.9k Administrations (9/6 – 9/12)						
Provider Type	# Administrations					
Pharmacies	8.8k					
Other Healthcare Providers (e.g., hospitals)	1.5k					
Municipal Sites	0.5k					
Mobile / "Pop-Up" Clinics	0.5k					
Vax Centers	0.4k					
PCP/Pediatricians	0.2k					

- Retail pharmacies continue to be the channel of choice later in the program
- Back-to-School focus remains (admins primarily reflected in Municipal channel)

90.7k Inventory at TWC (as of 9/12)						
Vaccine Type	# Doses	Delivery Weeks				
Moderna	47.5k	23.3				
Pfizer	42.3k	9.6				
۲%۱	0.8k (+5k = 5.8k)	0.8 (5.2)				

- Order of 5,000 doses of J&J arrived at TWC warehouse on 9/13, increasing supply to 5.2 weeks on hand
- Team working to ensure hospitals and other providers can order direct shipments when appropriate

Notes:

- Moderna inventory includes both 10 and 14 dose vials
- Pfizer inventory includes 1,170 and 450 dose trays; includes both pediatric and adult ancillary kits



Back-to-School Planning

Continued planning efforts to provide additional opportunities to increase adolescent vaccination rates to

promote a safe return to classrooms for students, their families, and staff

Before School Year (August) Clinics

Goal: Respond to President's call to action from 7/29 to host clinics and increase vaccinations for ages 12+ in the coming weeks, and fully vaccinate students **prior to schools reconvening**

Key Updates:

- 1. Hosted at least one clinic (leveraging already-scheduled mobile clinics) in each LEA across all school types, prioritizing districts with low vaccination rates
- 2. Distributed joint RIDE/RIDOH communications to superintendents and school families along with the list of scheduled clinics. RIDE has asked Superintendents to use all tools available to them to promote the clinics
- 3. Establish a cross functional working group to develop strategies for communication, promotion, and outreach for all clinics with special focus on those clinics located in vaccination cold spots

Beginning of School Year (September/October) Clinics

Goal: Host vaccination clinics **when the schools reconvene** and offer additional vaccination opportunities that are convenient for students, families, and the broader school community

Key Updates:

- 1. Scheduled at least one clinic for each town as well as clinics in the vast majority of public middle and high schools in the cities.
- 2. The team continues to schedule outstanding schools and operationalize clinic requests coming from the schools
- 3. We continue to see challenges with clinic promotion and low registration/administration numbers in some districts. We are asking the school districts to use all available means to blast the clinics to their school families and we have also asked PTAs to promote the public clinics.

Past Clinics ¹	Administrations	12-18 Admins %	Past Clinics ¹	Scheduled Clinics ¹	Administrations	12-18 Admins %
65	1,790	50%	48	65	1,201	60%



2021-22 Pre K-12 School Health and Safety Guidance

Pre K-12 School Fall Guidance goals are to (1) Ensure safe and responsible return to full in-person learning for all Rhode Island students for the 2021-2022 school year; and (2) Enable Local Education Agencies (LEAs) to make informed decisions for the fall by providing tools and an open line of communication about changes in federal guidance, vaccine updates, and other critical information.

- Local Education Agencies (LEAs) are responsible for setting COVID-19 mitigation plans for schools.
- LEAs are no longer required to provide a distance learning option for students/families.
- Rhode Island health and safety guidance aims to align with CDC guidance:
 - Shift to recommendations as most emergency laws related to COVID-19 have sunsetted.
 - Timely updates as new data, federal guidance, and EO changes are available.
- Schools should monitor key data in order to assess risk and decide mitigation strategies:
 - Community transmission levels, vaccination coverage, testing rates, and outbreaks.



Promoting Vaccination

- Schools can promote vaccinations among teachers, staff, families, and eligible students by:
 - <u>Providing information about COVID-19 vaccination;</u>
 - Encouraging vaccine trust and confidence; and
 - Establishing supportive policies and practices that make getting vaccinated as easy and convenient as possible.
- Schools can access and use RIDOH COVID-19 Vaccine Resources at <u>COVID-19 Community Partner</u> <u>Toolkit</u>.
- Schools can also promote vaccination with resources in <u>CDC Guidance for COVID-19 K-12 Schools</u>.
- Vaccination clinic contact: Brittan Bates at <u>brittan.bates@health.ri.gov</u>.

